207-00

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

MAX LIGHT 90036 Black Flashstamp Ink

SECTION I - IDENTIFICATION OF PRODUCT

MANUFACTURER: Polypore, Inc. 4601 S 3rd Ave. Tucson, AZ 85714

EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBER: 520-889-3306; Chemtel 800-255-3924; International 813-248-0585

TRADE NAME: Polypore Ink # 90036, Black Flashstamp Ink, Maxlight

Chemical Name: Proprietary Chemical Family: Glycol Ink Chemical Formula: Proprietary

SECTION II - HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS OF MIXTURE

The precise composition of this product is proprietary information. A more detailed disclosure will be provided by Polypore to qualified Medical or Industrial Hygiene personnel as privileged information upon request in case of need for specific treatment.

INGREDIENTS Diethylene Glycol <20% 2 Ethyl, 1,3 Hexanediol <20% Dibutyl Phthalate <2% Polyether Polyol <20% Solvent Red 33<5% Solvent Red 229 <4%	CAS # 111-46-6 94-96-2 84-74-2 025322-69-4 73507-36-5 Proprietary	PEL/TLV 50ppm(TLV), 100 (DOW) none established 5 mg/m3 AIHA WEEL 10 mg/m3 (aerosol) Not Established Not established
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SECTION III - TYPICAL PHYSICAL DATA

APPEARANCE: Black Liquid

ODOR: Mild characteristic odor

BOILING POINT: (oF/oC): >350° F

SPECIFIC GRAVITY: not extablished

VAPOR PRESSURE (mm Hg) not estab.

%VOLATILE(by volume): not established

EVAPORATION RATE: Slower vs BuAc

EVAPORATION RATE (AIR = 1) heavier vs Air SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Moderate

SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT (method used): >250° F

FLAMMABLE LIMITS (percentage by volume): LEL:not estab. UEL: not estab.

FIRE EXTINQUISHING MEDIA: Water Spray, dry chemical, CO2, or foam

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:

Full protective clothing, self-contained breathing apparatus. Use water to keep containers cool and flush spills away from source of ignition.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: NONE

HAZARDOUS PRODUCTS OF COMBUSTION:

Carbon monoxide, Carbon Dioxide, oxides of nitrogen and smoke.

SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA

THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE: Not established, see Section II.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE:

Skin: Contact with skin may cause irritation

Eyes: May cause moderately severe irritation such as pain, excess tearing, redness and swelling of

conjuctiva with moderate discharge.

Ingestion: May be harmful or fatal if swallowed. Several ingredients are TOXIC by ingestion (see section II). May cause pain and discomfort in the abdominal and lumbar regions, CNS depression, kidney and liver damage, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, dizziness, drowsiness, malaise, irritation of mouth and throat, and loss of conciousness.

Other: Diethylene Glycol Toxicity Data: LD50, Oral (rat) 14.8 g/kg, (Human) 1000 mg/kg; LD50, Dermal(rabbit) 11.9 g/kg. Overexposure may result in delayed liver and or kidney damage. 2 Ethyl 1,3 Hexanediol, through repeated skin contact, may result in the development of an allergic skin reaction in a very small proportion of individuals, and may promote absorption of other chemicals through the skin. Acutely toxic doses may result in liver and kidney damage. Polyether Polyol Toxicity data: LD50 (dermal) Rabbit >10,000 mg/kg; LD50, oral (rat) 1000-2000 mg/kg.

EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES:

Eyes: Immediately wash eyes with water for 15 minutes, raising upper and lower lids occasionally.

Consult a physical immediately.

Skin: Wash skin with mild soap and water. Remove and launder contaminated clothing before reuse. If irritation persists consult a physician.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. Get immediate medical attention.

Ingestion: Immediately seek medical attention. Never give fluids or induce vomiting if victim is unconscious or having convulsions.

SECTION VI - REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY: yes

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: excessive heat, open flames.

INCOMPATIBILITY (Materials to avoid for purposes of transport, storage and handling): Oxidizers, strong acids, and isocyanates.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS;

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, possible aldehydes, ketones, organic acids and poymer fragments HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: will not occur

SECTION VII - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:

Extinguish all sources of ignition in vicinity of spill or release vapors. Ventilate and clean up spills with absorbent clay, diatomaceous earth, or other inert absorbent. Place material in suitable containers for disposal in a RCRA licensed facility. Observe cautions in Section IX.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD:

Place contaminated materials in disposable containers and bury in an approved sanitary landfill, in accordance with local, state and federal regulations. Do not discharge into waterways or sewer systems.

SECTION VIII – SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

Adequate ventilation is required. In confined area, use of chemical cartridge respirators certified by NIOSH/MSHA for organic vapors will provide temporary protection.

VENTILATION:

LOCAL EXHAUST: Recommended to provide adequate ventilation

MECHANICAL: none

PROTECTIVE GLOVES: Chemical resistant gloves to prevent skin contact

EYE PROTECTION: Chemical goggles or safety glasses

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Chemical resistant clothing as necessary to prevent skin contact. An emergency eyewash fountain should be easily accessible.

WORK HYGIENE PRACTICES: Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet facilities.

SECTION IX – HANDLING AND STORAGE PRECAUTIONS

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING:

207-05

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

MAX LIGHT 90036 Blue Flashstamp Ink

SECTION I - IDENTIFICATION OF PRODUCT

MANUFACTURER: Polypore, Inc. 4601 S 3rd Ave. Tucson, AZ 85714

EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBER: 520-889-3306; Chemtel 800-255-3924; International 813-248-0585

TRADE NAME: Polypore Ink # 90036, Blue Flashstamp Ink, Maxlight

Chemical Name: Proprietary Chemical Family: Glycol Ink Chemical Formula: Proprietary

SECTION II - HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS OF MIXTURE

The precise composition of this product is proprietary information. A more detailed disclosure will be provided by Polypore to qualified Medical or Industrial Hygiene personnel as privileged information upon request in case of need for specific treatment.

INGREDIENTS	CAS#	PEL/TLV
Diethylene Glycol <20%	111-46-6	50ppm(TLV), 100 (DOW)
2 Ethyl, 1,3 Hexanediol <20%	94-96-2	none established
Dibutyl Phthalate <2%	84-74-2	5 mg/m3
Polyether Polyol <20%	025322-69-4	AIHA WEEL 10 mg/m3 (aerosol)
Solvent Red 33<5%	73507-36-5	Not Established
Solvent Red 229 <4%	Proprietary	Not established

SECTION III - TYPICAL PHYSICAL DATA

APPEARANCE: Dark Blue Liquid

BOILING POINT: (oF/oC): >350° F

VAPOR PRESSURE (mm Hg) not estab.

EVAPORATION RATE: Slower vs BuAc

ODOR: Mild characteristic odor

SPECIFIC GRAVITY: not extablished %VOLATILE(by volume): not established

EVAPORATION RATE (AIR = 1) heavier vs Air SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Moderate

SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT (method used): >250° F

FLAMMABLE LIMITS (percentage by volume): LEL:not estab. UEL: not estab.

FIRE EXTINQUISHING MEDIA: Water Spray, dry chemical, CO₂, or foam

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:

Full protective clothing, self-contained breathing apparatus. Use water to keep containers cool and flush spills away from source of ignition.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: NONE

HAZARDOUS PRODUCTS OF COMBUSTION:

Carbon monoxide, Carbon Dioxide, oxides of nitrogen and smoke.

SECTION V – HEALTH HAZARD DATA

THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE: Not established, see Section II.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE:

Skin: Contact with skin may cause irritation

Eyes: May cause moderately severe irritation such as pain, excess tearing, redness and swelling of conjuctiva with moderate discharge.

Ingestion: May be harmful or fatal if swallowed. Several ingredients are TOXIC by ingestion (see section II). May cause pain and discomfort in the abdominal and lumbar regions, CNS depression, kidney and liver damage, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, dizziness, drowsiness, malaise, irritation of mouth and throat, and loss of conciousness.

Other: Diethylene Glycol Toxicity Data: LD50, Oral (rat) 14.8 g/kg, (Human) 1000 mg/kg; LD50, Dermal(rabbit) 11.9 g/kg. Overexposure may result in delayed liver and or kidney damage. 2 Ethyl 1,3 Hexanediol, through repeated skin contact, may result in the development of an allergic skin reaction in a very small proportion of individuals, and may promote absorption of other chemicals through the skin. Acutely toxic doses may result in liver and kidney damage. Polyether Polyol Toxicity data: LD50 (dermal) Rabbit >10,000 mg/kg; LD50, oral (rat) 1000-2000 mg/kg.

EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES:

Eyes: Immediately wash eyes with water for 15 minutes, raising upper and lower lids occasionally.

Consult a physical immediately.

Skin; Wash skin with mild soap and water. Remove and launder contaminated clothing before reuse. If

irritation persists consult a physician.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. Get immediate medical attention.

Ingestion: Immediately seek medical attention. Never give fluids or induce vomiting if victim is unconscious or having convulsions.

SECTION VI - REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY: yes

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: excessive heat, open flames.

INCOMPATIBILITY (Materials to avoid for purposes of transport, storage and handling): Oxidizers, strong acids, and isocyanates.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS;

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, possible aldehydes, ketones, organic acids and poymer fragments HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: will not occur

SECTION VII - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:

Extinguish all sources of ignition in vicinity of spill or release vapors. Ventilate and clean up spills with absorbent clay, diatomaceous earth, or other inert absorbent. Place material in suitable containers for disposal in a RCRA licensed facility. Observe cautions in Section IX.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD:

Place contaminated materials in disposable containers and bury in an approved sanitary landfill, in accordance with local, state and federal regulations. Do not discharge into waterways or sewer systems.

SECTION VIII - SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

Adequate ventilation is required. In confined area, use of chemical cartridge respirators certified by NIOSH/MSHA for organic vapors will provide temporary protection.

VENTILATION:

LOCAL EXHAUST: Recommended to provide adequate ventilation

MECHANICAL: none

PROTECTIVE GLOVES: Chemical resistant gloves to prevent skin contact

EYE PROTECTION: Chemical goggles or safety glasses

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Chemical resistant clothing as necessary to prevent skin contact. An emergency eyewash fountain should be easily accessible.

WORK HYGIENE PRACTICES: Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet facilities.

SECTION IX - HANDLING AND STORAGE PRECAUTIONS

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING:

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET



MAX LIGHT 90036 Green Flashstamp Ink

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MANUFACTURER: Polypore, Inc. 4601 S 3rd Ave. Tucson, AZ 85714

EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBER: 520-889-3306; Chemtel 800-255-3924; International 813-248-0585

SECTION I - IDENTIFICATION OF PRODUCT

TRADE NAME: Polypore Ink # 90036, Green Flashstamp Ink, Maxlight

Chemical Name: Proprietary Chemical Family: Glycol Ink Chemical Formula: Proprietary

SECTION II - HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS OF MIXTURE

The precise composition of this product is proprietary information. A more detailed disclosure will be provided by Polypore to qualified Medical or Industrial Hygiene personnel as privileged information upon request in case of need for specific treatment.

INGREDIENTS	CAS#	PEL/TLV
Diethylene Glycol <20%	111-46-6	50ppm(TLV), 100 (DOW)
2 Ethyl, 1,3 Hexanediol <20%	94-96-2	none established
Dibutyl Phthalate <2%	84-74-2	5 mg/m3
Polyether Polyol <20%	025322-69-4	AIHA WEEL 10 mg/m3 (aerosol)
Solvent Red 33<5%	73507-36-5	Not Established
Solvent Red 229 <4%	Proprietary	Not established

SECTION III - TYPICAL PHYSICAL DATA

APPEARANCE: Dark Green Liquid

BOILING POINT: (oF/oC): >350° F

VAPOR PRESSURE (mm Hg) not estab.

EVAPORATION RATE (AIR = 1) heavier vs Air SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Moderate

ODOR: Mild characteristic odor

SPECIFIC GRAVITY: not extablished %VOLATILE(by volume): not established

EVAPORATION RATE: Slower vs BuAc

SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT (method used): >250° F

FLAMMABLE LIMITS (percentage by volume): LEL:not estab. UEL: not estab.

FIRE EXTINQUISHING MEDIA: Water Spray, dry chemical, CO2, or foam

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:

Full protective clothing, self-contained breathing apparatus. Use water to keep containers cool and flush spills away from source of ignition.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: NONE

HAZARDOUS PRODUCTS OF COMBUSTION:

Carbon monoxide, Carbon Dioxide, oxides of nitrogen and smoke.

SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA

THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE: Not established, see Section II.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE:

Skin: Contact with skin may cause irritation

Eyes: May cause moderately severe irritation such as pain, excess tearing, redness and swelling of conjuctiva with moderate discharge.

Ingestion: May be harmful or fatal if swallowed. Several ingredients are TOXIC by ingestion (see section II). May cause pain and discomfort in the abdominal and lumbar regions, CNS depression, kidney and liver damage, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, dizziness, drowsiness, malaise, irritation of mouth and throat, and loss of conciousness.

Other: Diethylene Glycol Toxicity Data: LD50, Oral (rat) 14.8 g/kg, (Human) 1000 mg/kg; LD50, Dermal(rabbit) 11.9 g/kg. Overexposure may result in delayed liver and or kidney damage. 2 Ethyl 1,3 Hexanediol, through repeated skin contact, may result in the development of an allergic skin reaction in a very small proportion of individuals, and may promote absorption of other chemicals through the skin. Acutely toxic doses may result in liver and kidney damage. Polyether Polyol Toxicity data: LD50 (dermal) Rabbit >10,000 mg/kg; LD50, oral (rat) 1000-2000 mg/kg.

EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES:

Eyes: Immediately wash eyes with water for 15 minutes, raising upper and lower lids occasionally. Consult a physical immediately.

Skin: Wash skin with mild soap and water. Remove and launder contaminated clothing before reuse. If irritation persists consult a physician.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. Get immediate medical

Ingestion: Immediately seek medical attention. Never give fluids or induce vomiting if victim is unconscious or having convulsions.

SECTION VI - REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY: yes

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: excessive heat, open flames.

INCOMPATIBILITY (Materials to avoid for purposes of transport, storage and handling): Oxidizers, strong acids, and isocyanates.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS;

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, possible aldehydes, ketones, organic acids and poymer fragments HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: will not occur

SECTION VII – SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:

Extinguish all sources of ignition in vicinity of spill or release vapors. Ventilate and clean up spills with absorbent clay, diatomaceous earth, or other inert absorbent. Place material in suitable containers for disposal in a RCRA licensed facility. Observe cautions in Section IX.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD:

Place contaminated materials in disposable containers and bury in an approved sanitary landfill, in accordance with local, state and federal regulations. Do not discharge into waterways or sewer systems.

SECTION VIII – SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

Adequate ventilation is required. In confined area, use of chemical cartridge respirators certified by NIOSH/MSHA for organic vapors will provide temporary protection.

VENTILATION:

LOCAL EXHAUST: Recommended to provide adequate ventilation

MECHANICAL: none

PROTECTIVE GLOVES: Chemical resistant gloves to prevent skin contact

EYE PROTECTION: Chemical goggles or safety glasses

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Chemical resistant clothing as necessary to prevent skin contact. An emergency eyewash fountain should be easily accessible.

WORK HYGIENE PRACTICES: Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet facilities.

SECTION IX – HANDLING AND STORAGE PRECAUTIONS

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING:

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

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MAX LIGHT 90036 Purple Flashstamp Ink

SECTION I - IDENTIFICATION OF PRODUCT

MANUFACTURER: Polypore, Inc. 4601 S 3rd Ave. Tucson, AZ 85714

EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBER: 520-889-3306; Chemtel 800-255-3924; International 813-248-0585

TRADE NAME: Polypore Ink # 90036, Purple Flashstamp Ink, Maxlight

Chemical Name: Proprietary Chemical Family: Glycol Ink Chemical Formula: Proprietary

SECTION II - HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS OF MIXTURE

The precise composition of this product is proprietary information. A more detailed disclosure will be provided by Polypore to qualified Medical or Industrial Hygiene personnel as privileged information upon request in case of need for specific treatment.

INGREDIENTS	CAS#	PEL/TLV
Diethylene Glycol <20%	111-46- 6	50ppm(TLV), 100 (DOW)
2 Ethyl, 1,3 Hexanediol <20%	94-96-2	none established
Diburyl Phthalate <2%	84-74-2	5 mg/m3
Polyether Polyol <20%	025322-69-4	AIHA WEEL 10 mg/m3 (aerosol)
Solvent Red 33<5%	73507-36-5	Not Established
Solvent Red 229 < 4%	Proprietary	Not established

SECTION III - TYPICAL PHYSICAL DATA

APPEARANCE: Dark Purple Liquid

BOILING POINT: (oF/oC): >350° F

VAPOR PRESSURE (mm Hg) not estab.

EVAPORATION RATE: Slower vs BuAc

ODOR: Mild characteristic odor

SPECIFIC GRAVITY: not extablished

%VOLATILE(by volume): not established

EVAPORATION RATE (AIR = 1) heavier vs Air SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Moderate

SECTION IV – FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT (method used): >250° F

FLAMMABLE LIMITS (percentage by volume): LEL:not estab. UEL: not estab.

FIRE EXTINQUISHING MEDIA: Water Spray, dry chemical, CO2, or foam

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:

Full protective clothing, self-contained breathing apparatus. Use water to keep containers cool and flush spills away from source of ignition.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: NONE

HAZARDOUS PRODUCTS OF COMBUSTION:

Carbon monoxide, Carbon Dioxide, oxides of nitrogen and smoke.

SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA

THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE: Not established, see Section II.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE:

Skin: Contact with skin may cause irritation

Eyes: May cause moderately severe irritation such as pain, excess tearing, redness and swelling of conjuctiva with moderate discharge.

Ingestion: May be harmful or fatal if swallowed. Several ingredients are TOXIC by ingestion (see section II). May cause pain and discomfort in the abdominal and lumbar regions, CNS depression, kidney and liver damage, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, dizziness, drowsiness, malaise, irritation of mouth and throat, and loss of conciousness.

Other: Diethylene Glycol Toxicity Data: LD50, Oral (rat) 14.8 g/kg, (Human) 1000 mg/kg; LD50, Dermal(rabbit) 11.9 g/kg. Overexposure may result in delayed liver and or kidney damage. 2 Ethyl 1,3 Hexanediol, through repeated skin contact, may result in the development of an allergic skin reaction in a very small proportion of individuals, and may promote absorption of other chemicals through the skin. Acutely toxic doses may result in liver and kidney damage. Polyether Polyol Toxicity data: LD50 (dermal) Rabbit >10,000 mg/kg; LD50, oral (rat) 1000-2000 mg/kg.

EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES:

Eyes: Immediately wash eyes with water for 15 minutes, raising upper and lower lids occasionally. Consult a physical immediately.

Skin: Wash skin with mild soap and water. Remove and launder contaminated clothing before reuse. If irritation persists consult a physician.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. Get immediate medical attention.

Ingestion: Immediately seek medical attention. Never give fluids or induce vomiting if victim is unconscious or having convulsions.

SECTION VI - REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY: ves

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: excessive heat, open flames.

INCOMPATIBILITY (Materials to avoid for purposes of transport, storage and handling): Oxidizers, strong acids, and isocyanates.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS;

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, possible aldehydes, ketones, organic acids and poymer fragments HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: will not occur

SECTION VII – SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:

Extinguish all sources of ignition in vicinity of spill or release vapors. Ventilate and clean up spills with absorbent clay, diatomaceous earth, or other inert absorbent. Place material in suitable containers for disposal in a RCRA licensed facility. Observe cautions in Section IX.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD:

Place contaminated materials in disposable containers and bury in an approved sanitary landfill, in accordance with local, state and federal regulations. Do not discharge into waterways or sewer systems.

SECTION VIII - SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

Adequate ventilation is required. In confined area, use of chemical cartridge respirators certified by NIOSH/MSHA for organic vapors will provide temporary protection.

VENTILATION:

LOCAL EXHAUST: Recommended to provide adequate ventilation

MECHANICAL: none

PROTECTIVE GLOVES: Chemical resistant gloves to prevent skin contact

EYE PROTECTION: Chemical goggles or safety glasses

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Chemical resistant clothing as necessary to prevent skin contact. An emergency eyewash fountain should be easily accessible.

WORK HYGIENE PRACTICES: Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet facilities.

SECTION IX - HANDLING AND STORAGE PRECAUTIONS

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING:

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

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MAX LIGHT 90036 Red Flashstamp Ink

SECTION I - IDENTIFICATION OF PRODUCT

MANUFACTURER: Polypore, Inc. 4601 S 3rd Ave. Tucson, AZ 85714

EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBER: 520-889-3306; Chemtel 800-255-3924; International 813-248-0585

TRADE NAME: Polypore Ink # 90036, Red Flashstamp Ink, Maxlight

Chemical Name: Proprietary Chemical Family: Glycol Ink Chemical Formula: Proprietary

SECTION II - HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS OF MIXTURE

The precise composition of this product is proprietary information. A more detailed disclosure will be provided by Polypore to qualified Medical or Industrial Hygiene personnel as privileged information upon request in case of need for specific treatment.

INGREDIENTS	CAS#	PEL/TLV
Diethylene Glycol <20%	111-46-6	50ppm(TLV), 100 (DOW)
2 Ethyl, 1,3 Hexanediol <20%	94-96-2	none established
Dibutyl Phthalate <2%	84-74-2	5 mg/m3
Polyether Polyol <20%	025322-69-4	AlHA WEEL 10 mg/m3 (aerosol)
Solvent Red 33<5%	7350 7- 36-5	Not Established
Solvent Red 229 <4%	Proprietary	Not established

SECTION III - TYPICAL PHYSICAL DATA

APPEARANCE: Dark Red Liquid

BOILING POINT: (oF/oC): >350° F

VAPOR PRESSURE (mm Hg) not estab. EVAPORATION RATE (AIR = 1) heavier vs Air SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Moderate

EVAPORATION RATE: Slower vs Buac

ODOR: Mild characteristic odor

SPECIFIC GRAVITY: not extablished

%VOLATILE(by volume): not established

SECTION IV – FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT (method used): >250° F

FLAMMABLE LIMITS (percentage by volume): LEL:not estab. UEL: not estab.

FIRE EXTINQUISHING MEDIA: Water Spray, dry chemical, CO2, or foam

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:

Full protective clothing, self-contained breathing apparatus. Use water to keep containers cool and flush spills away from source of ignition.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: NONE

HAZARDOUS PRODUCTS OF COMBUSTION:

Carbon monoxide, Carbon Dioxide, oxides of nitrogen and smoke.

SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA

THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE: Not established, see Section II.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE:

Skin: Contact with skin may cause irritation

Eyes: May cause moderately severe irritation such as pain, excess tearing, redness and swelling of conjuctiva with moderate discharge.

Ingestion: May be harmful or fatal if swallowed. Several ingredients are TOXIC by ingestion (see section II). May cause pain and discomfort in the abdominal and lumbar regions, CNS depression, kidney and liver damage, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, dizziness, drowsiness, malaise, irritation of mouth and throat, and loss of conciousness.

Other: Diethylene Glycol Toxicity Data: LD50, Oral (rat) 14.8 g/kg, (Human) 1000 mg/kg; LD50, Dermal(rabbit) 11.9 g/kg. Overexposure may result in delayed liver and or kidney damage. 2 Ethyl 1,3 Hexanediol, through repeated skin contact, may result in the development of an allergic skin reaction in a very small proportion of individuals, and may promote absorption of other chemicals through the skin. Acutely toxic doses may result in liver and kidney damage. Polyether Polyol Toxicity data: LD50 (dermal) Rabbit >10,000 mg/kg; LD50, oral (rat) 1000-2000 mg/kg.

EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES:

Eyes: Immediately wash eyes with water for 15 minutes, raising upper and lower lids occasionally. Consult a physical immediately.

Skin: Wash skin with mild soap and water. Remove and launder contaminated clothing before reuse. If irritation persists consult a physician.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. Get immediate medical attention.

Ingestion: Immediately seek medical attention. Never give fluids or induce vomiting if victim is unconscious or having convulsions.

SECTION VI - REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY: yes

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: excessive heat, open flames.

INCOMPATIBILITY (Materials to avoid for purposes of transport, storage and handling): Oxidizers, strong acids, and isocyanates.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, possible aldehydes, ketones, organic acids and poymer fragments HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: will not occur

SECTION VII - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:

Extinguish all sources of ignition in vicinity of spill or release vapors. Ventilate and clean up spills with absorbent clay, diatomaceous earth, or other inert absorbent. Place material in suitable containers for disposal in a RCRA licensed facility. Observe cautions in Section IX.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD:

Place contaminated materials in disposable containers and bury in an approved sanitary landfill, in accordance with local, state and federal regulations. Do not discharge into waterways or sewer systems.

SECTION VIII - SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

Adequate ventilation is required. In confined area, use of chemical cartridge respirators certified by NIOSH/MSHA for organic vapors will provide temporary protection.

VENTILATION:

LOCAL EXHAUST: Recommended to provide adequate ventilation

MECHANICAL: none

PROTECTIVE GLOVES: Chemical resistant gloves to prevent skin contact

EYE PROTECTION: Chemical goggles or safety glasses

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Chemical resistant clothing as necessary to prevent skin contact. An emergency eyewash fountain should be easily accessible.

WORK HYGIENE PRACTICES: Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet facilities.

SECTION IX - HANDLING AND STORAGE PRECAUTIONS

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING: